

3

More Multiplication Facts and Strategies

- What is origami?
- You want to make 7 paper cubes. You need 6 sheets of paper to make each cube. How can you find the total number of sheets you need?

Chapter Learning Target:

Understand multiplication strategies.

Chapter Success Criteria:

- I can define a product.
- I can find the product of two numbers.
- I can make a plan to solve a problem.
- I can solve a problem.



3

Name _____

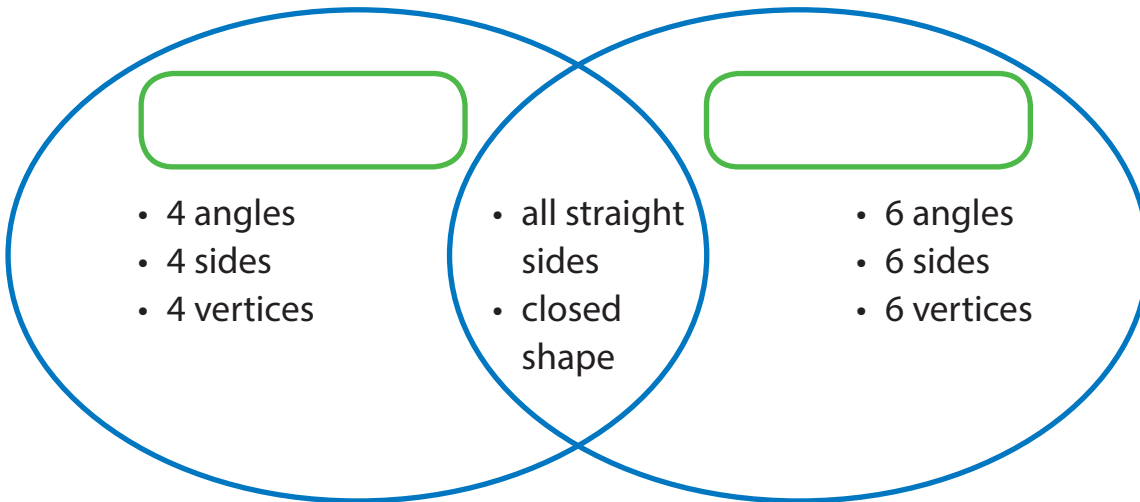
Vocabulary

Review Words

hexagon
quadrilateral

Organize It

Use the review words to complete the graphic organizer.



Define It

Use your vocabulary cards to match.

1. Associative Property of Multiplication

$$3 \times (5 + 2) = (3 \times 5) + (3 \times 2)$$

2. Distributive Property (with addition)

$$2 \times (3 \times 4) = (2 \times 3) \times 4$$

3. Distributive Property (with subtraction)

$$3 \times (5 - 2) = (3 \times 5) - (3 \times 2)$$

Chapter 3 Vocabulary Cards

**Associative
Property of
Multiplication**

**Distributive
Property
(with addition)**

**Distributive
Property
(with subtraction)**

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$$3 \times (5 + 2) = (3 \times 5) + (3 \times 2)$$
$$(5 + 2) \times 3 = (5 \times 3) + (2 \times 3)$$

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Changing the grouping of factors does not change the product.

$$2 \times (3 \times 4) = 24$$

$$(2 \times 3) \times 4 = 24$$

$$\text{So, } 2 \times (3 \times 4) = (2 \times 3) \times 4.$$

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$$3 \times (5 - 2) = (3 \times 5) - (3 \times 2)$$
$$(5 - 2) \times 3 = (5 \times 3) - (2 \times 3)$$

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Learning Target: Multiply by 3.

Success Criteria:

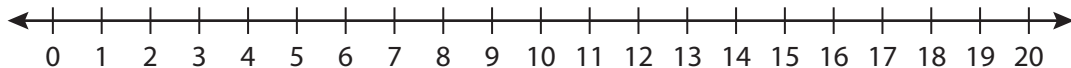
- I can use a model to multiply by 3.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 3.
- I can find the product of a number and 3.



Explore and Grow

Use the number line to find the product.

$$4 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$



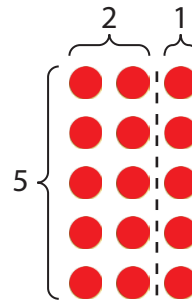
Repeated Reasoning Explain how you can use the number line to find products greater than 20. Complete the table.

3s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3											

Think and Grow: Multiply by 3

Example Find 5×3 .

Think: $3 = 2 + 1$



$$5 \times 3 = 5 \times (2 + 1)$$

Rewrite 3 as $2 + 1$.

$$5 \times 3 = (5 \times 2) + (5 \times 1)$$

Distributive Property

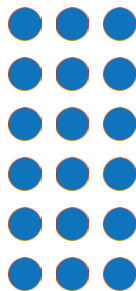
$$5 \times 3 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$5 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. 6×3



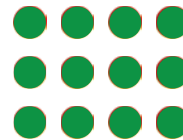
$$6 \times 3 = 6 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$6 \times 3 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$6 \times 3 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 3×4



$$3 \times 4 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 4$$

$$3 \times 4 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

**Apply and Grow: Practice**

Find the product.

3. 2×3



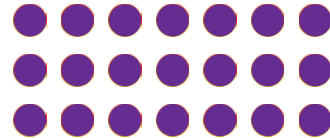
$2 \times 3 = 2 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$

$2 \times 3 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$2 \times 3 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

4. 3×7



$3 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 7$

$3 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $3 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $3 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $3 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

13. $8 \times 3 \bigcirc 3 \times 6$

14. $3 \times 1 \bigcirc 3 \times 10$

15. $3 \times 0 \bigcirc 0 \times 3$

16. A baseball game has 9 innings. Each team gets 3 outs every inning. How many outs does each team get in one game?**17. YOU BE THE TEACHER** Your friend says 23 is a multiple of 3 because there is a 3 in the ones place. Is your friend correct? Explain.



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

Ten people want to ride a camel. There are 3 camels. Two people can ride on each camel. Are there enough camels for all of the people to ride at the same time?



Multiplication equation:

There _____ enough camels for all of the people.

Show and Grow

18. You want to give each of your 10 friends a sticker. You buy 4 sheets. Each sheet has 3 stickers. Do you have enough stickers?

19. **DIG DEEPER!** You buy 2 heads of cauliflower and 5 ears of corn. How much money do you spend?

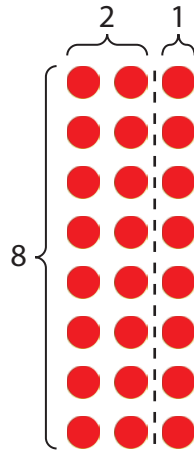
Farm Stand Prices	
Cauliflower	\$3
Broccoli	\$3
Corn	\$1



You buy 3 heads of broccoli and 1 head of cauliflower. How much money do you spend?

Learning Target: Multiply by 3.

Example Find 8×3 .



$$8 \times 3 = 8 \times (2 + 1)$$

$$8 \times 3 = (8 \times 2) + (8 \times 1)$$

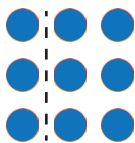
$$8 \times 3 = \underline{16} + \underline{8}$$

$$8 \times 3 = \underline{24}$$



Find the product.

1. 3×3



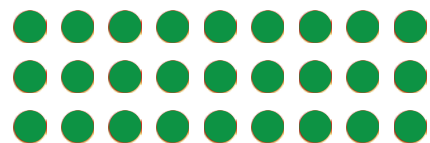
$$3 \times 3 = 3 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 3 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 3 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 3×9



$$3 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 9$$

$$3 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

3. $3 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $3 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $7 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $0 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

11. 0×3 ○ 3×3

12. 8×3 ○ 7×3

13. 18 ○ 6×3

14. A Russian guitar, called a *balalaika*, has 3 strings. A music teacher is replacing the strings on 5 balalaikas. How many strings does the teacher need?



15. **MP Number Sense** Circle the multiples of 3.

12

14

15

5

21

25

16. **Modeling Real Life** You need 24 tennis balls. You buy 6 packs of 3 tennis balls. Do you have enough tennis balls?



17. **DIG DEEPER!** Newton buys 3 packs of plates and 3 packs of cups. How much money does he spend?

Party Supply Packs

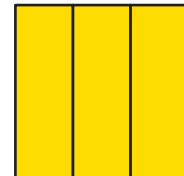
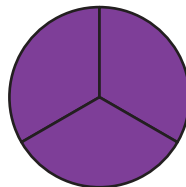
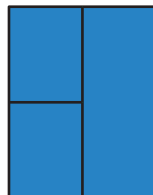
Cups \$2

Plates \$4

Napkins \$1

Review & Refresh

18. Which shapes show thirds?



Learning Target: Multiply by 4.

Success Criteria:

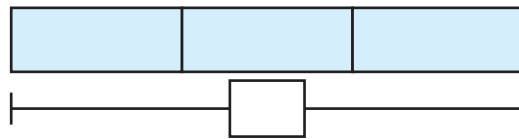
- I can use a model to multiply by 4.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 4.
- I can find the product of a number and 4.



Explore and Grow

Use the tape diagram to find the product.

$$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$$



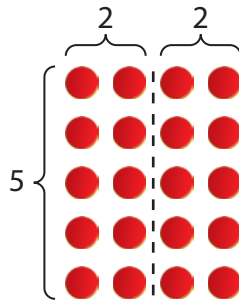
Repeated Reasoning Explain how you can use a tape diagram to find the missing products in the table. Complete the table.

4s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4											

Think and Grow: Multiply by 4

Example Find 5×4 .

Think: $4 = 2 + 2$



So, the product of 5×4 is double the product of 5×2 .



$$5 \times 4 = 5 \times (2 + 2)$$

Rewrite 4 as $2 + 2$.

$$5 \times 4 = (5 \times 2) + (5 \times 2)$$

Distributive Property

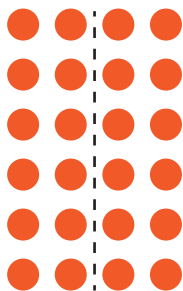
$$5 \times 4 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$5 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. 6×4



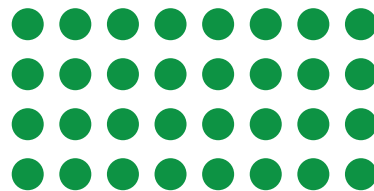
$$6 \times 4 = 6 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$6 \times 4 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$6 \times 4 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 4×8



$$4 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 8$$

$$4 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

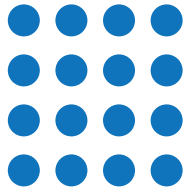
$$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$$

**Apply and Grow: Practice**

Find the product.

3. 4×4



$4 \times 4 = 4 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 4 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

4. 4×2



$4 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 2$

$4 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 2 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $4 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $4 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 3 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11. \quad 8 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12. \quad 4 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.

13. $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

14. $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 40$

15. $4 = \underline{\quad} \times 4$

- 16.** **Number Sense** You exchange some dollar bills for quarters.
How many quarters might you receive?

40

18

24

36

34

22

12

38

16

26

- 17. Writing** Explain how you can use 2×3 to find 4×3 .



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

The graph shows the number of cars scheduled to get a new set of tires installed. How many new tires are installed on the busiest day?

Cars Getting New Tires									
Monday	○	○	○	○	○	○			
Tuesday	○	○	○	○	○	○	○		
Wednesday	○	○	○						
Thursday	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
Friday	○	○	○	○					

Each ○ = 1 car.

What is the busiest day?

Multiplication equation:

_____ new tires are installed on the busiest day.

Show and Grow

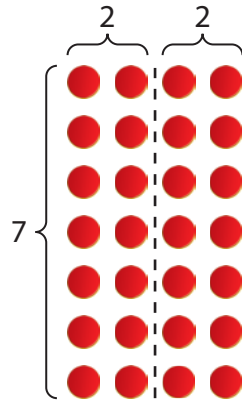
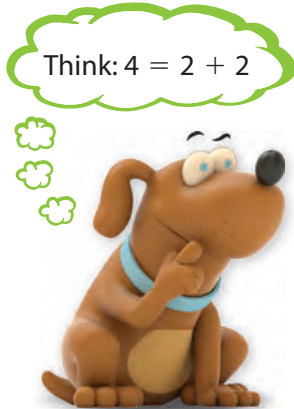
18. Use the graph above. How many new tires are installed on the least busy day?

19. **DIG DEEPER!** Descartes is packing bags for party favors. Each bag needs 1 container of bubbles, 5 stickers, and 3 balloons. How many of each item does Descartes need to make 4 bags?



Learning Target: Multiply by 4.

Example Find 7×4 .



$$7 \times 4 = 7 \times (2 + 2)$$

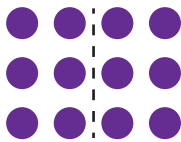
$$7 \times 4 = (7 \times 2) + (7 \times 2)$$

$$7 \times 4 = \underline{14} + \underline{14}$$

$$7 \times 4 = \underline{28}$$

Find the product.

1. 3×4



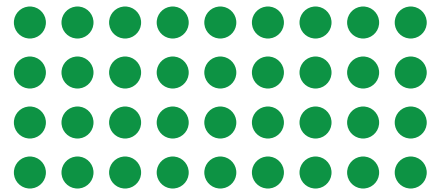
$$3 \times 4 = 3 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 4 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 4×9



$$4 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 9$$

$$4 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

3. $8 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $10 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 4 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 0 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 1 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 2 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.

11. $10 \times \underline{\quad} = 40$

12. $\underline{\quad} \times 1 = 4$

13. $8 = \underline{\quad} \times 4$

14. A string quartet has 4 musicians. Each musician's instrument has 4 strings. How many total strings are there in a string quartet?

15. **Which One Doesn't Belong?** Which one does *not* belong with the other three?




4×6

6×4

$(2 \times 3) + (2 \times 3)$

$(2 \times 6) + (2 \times 6)$

16. **Modeling Real Life** The tally chart shows the number of tables a carpenter makes each day. Each table has 4 legs. How many legs does the carpenter make on the busiest day?

Tables Made	
Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	

17. **DIG DEEPER!** Newton is packing lunches. Each lunch needs 1 sandwich, 2 celery sticks, 3 carrot sticks, and 4 strawberries. How many of each item does Newton need to make 4 lunches?

Review & Refresh

Write the number in expanded form and word form.

18. 837

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

19. 954

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

Learning Target: Multiply by 6.

Success Criteria:

- I can use a model to multiply by 6.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 6.
- I can find the product of a number and 6.



Explore and Grow

Use equal groups to find the product. Draw your model.

$$4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$



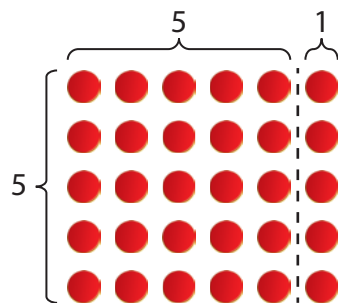
Repeated Reasoning Explain how you can use equal groups to multiply. Complete the table.

6s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
6											

Think and Grow: Multiply by 6

Example Find 5×6 .

Think: $6 = 5 + 1$



$$5 \times 6 = 5 \times (5 + 1)$$

Rewrite 6 as $5 + 1$.

$$5 \times 6 = (5 \times 5) + (5 \times 1)$$

Distributive Property

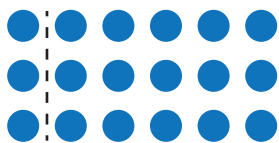
$$5 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$5 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. 3×6



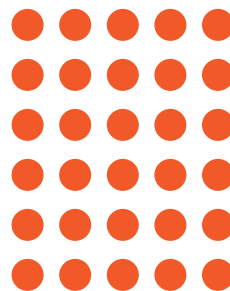
$$3 \times 6 = 3 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 6×5



$$6 \times 5 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 5$$

$$6 \times 5 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

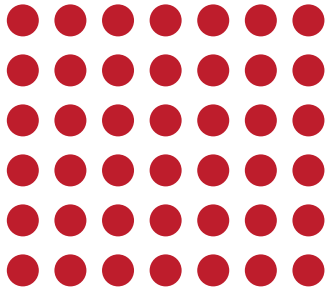
$$6 \times 5 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$$

**Apply and Grow: Practice**

Find the product.

3. 6×7



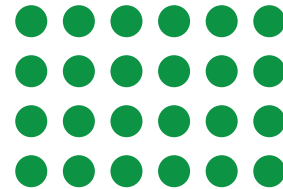
$6 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 7$

$6 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$6 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

4. 4×6



$4 \times 6 = 4 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $8 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $7 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $6 \times 0 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $6 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

13. $8 \times 6 \bigcirc 48$

14. $6 \times 0 \bigcirc 10 \times 6$

15. $6 \times 1 \bigcirc 6 \times 3$

16. There are 9 volleyball teams in a tournament. There are 6 players on each team. How many volleyball players are in the tournament?**17. YOU BE THE TEACHER** Your friend says that all multiples of 3 are also multiples of 6. Is your friend correct? Explain.



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

You have 5 apples. You cut each apple into 8 slices. You have 6 oranges and cut each orange into 4 slices. Do you have more apple slices or orange slices?

Multiplication equations:



Compare: _____ ○ _____

You have more _____ slices.

Show and Grow

- 18.** Your friend makes 6 bracelets each day for 7 days. Your cousin makes 10 bracelets each day for 3 days. Who makes fewer bracelets?

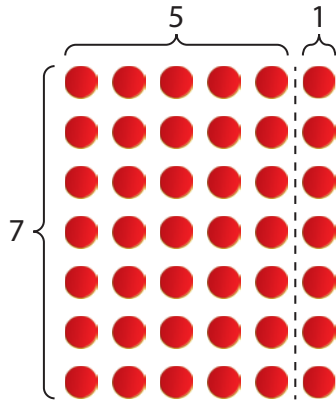


-
- 19.** You draw 6 octagons. How many sides do you draw?

-
- 20.** You draw 9 hexagons. How many sides do you draw?

Learning Target: Multiply by 6.

Example Find 7×6 .



$$7 \times 6 = 7 \times (5 + 1)$$

$$7 \times 6 = (7 \times 5) + (7 \times 1)$$

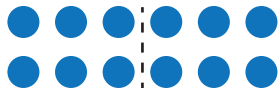
$$7 \times 6 = \underline{35} + \underline{7}$$

$$7 \times 6 = \underline{42}$$



Find the product.

1. 2×6



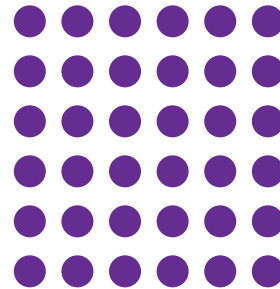
$$2 \times 6 = 2 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$2 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$2 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$2 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 6×6



$$6 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 6$$

$$6 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$6 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

3. $9 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $5 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $6 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 8 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 6 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 6 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 10 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

11. $4 \times 6 \bigcirc 6 \times 6$

12. $6 \times 5 \bigcirc 4 \times 5$

13. $42 \bigcirc 6 \times 7$

14. There are 6 faces on a standard die. How many faces are on 5 dice?

15. **DIG DEEPER!** You have a muffin tin with 6 cups. You want to bake 36 muffins. How many times must you use the muffin tin?

16. **Modeling Real Life** You practice the saxophone 1 hour in the morning and 2 hours at night each day. How many hours do you practice in 6 days?



17. **Modeling Real Life** You want to make 6 pentagons using toothpicks. How many toothpicks do you need?

Review & Refresh

18. Find the total value.



Total value: _____

Learning Target: Multiply by 7.

Success Criteria:

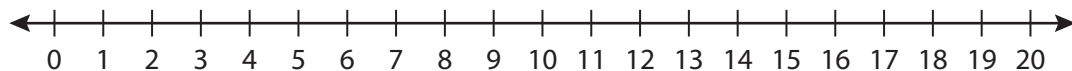
- I can use a model to multiply by 7.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 7.
- I can find the product of a number and 7.



Explore and Grow

Use the number line to find the product.

$$2 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$



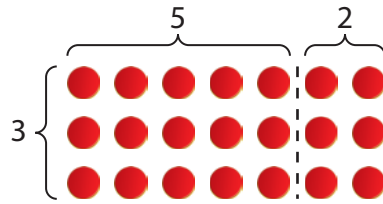
Repeated Reasoning Complete the table. Explain how you found the missing products.

7s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
7											

Think and Grow: Multiply by 7

Example Find 3×7 .

Think: $7 = 5 + 2$



$$3 \times 7 = 3 \times (5 + 2) \quad \text{Rewrite 7 as } 5 + 2.$$

$$3 \times 7 = (3 \times 5) + (3 \times 2) \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

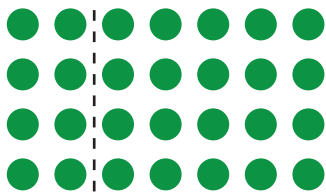
$$3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. 4×7



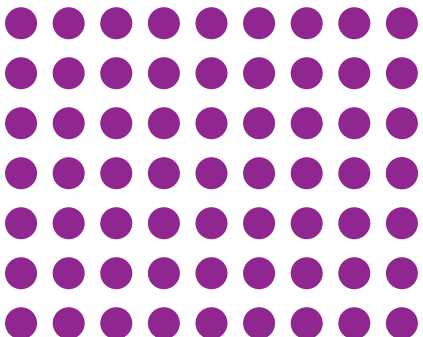
$$4 \times 7 = 4 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$4 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 7×9



$$7 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 9$$

$$7 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

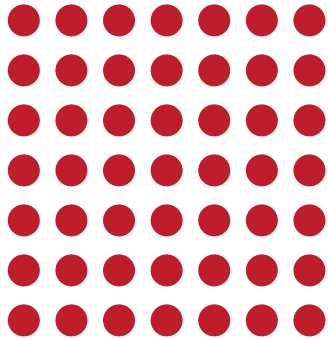
$$7 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$7 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

 **Apply and Grow: Practice**

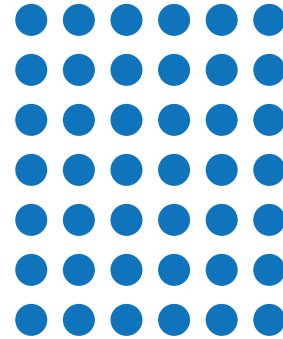
Find the product.

3. 7×7



$7 \times 7 = \quad 7 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$
 $7 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$
 $7 \times 7 = \quad \underline{\quad} \quad + \quad \underline{\quad}$
 $7 \times 7 = \quad \underline{\quad}$

4. 7×6



$7 \times 6 = \quad (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 6$
 $7 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$
 $7 \times 6 = \quad \underline{\quad} \quad + \quad \underline{\quad}$
 $7 \times 6 = \quad \underline{\quad}$

5. $7 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $7 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $2 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$


Find the missing factor.

13. $7 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

14. $\underline{\quad} \times 7 = 35$

15. $70 = \underline{\quad} \times 7$

16. How many days are in 4 weeks?

17.  **Number Sense** How can you use the Commutative Property of Multiplication to find 7×3 ?



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

A child ticket costs \$7. An adult ticket costs 4 times as much as the child ticket. Descartes has \$40. Can he buy an adult ticket?

Multiplication equation:

Descartes _____ buy an adult ticket.

Show and Grow

18. A small painting costs \$5. A large painting costs 7 times as much as the small painting. Newton has \$30. Can he buy a large painting?



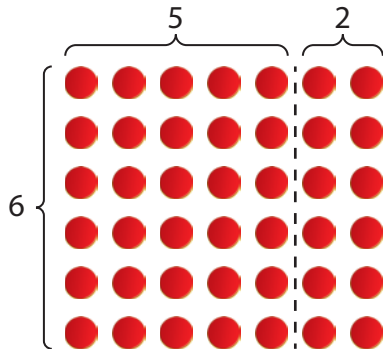
19. **DIG DEEPER!** You study your spelling words for 5 minutes twice a day. How many minutes do you spend studying your spelling words in one week?



20. **DIG DEEPER!** Your dentist tells you to brush your teeth for 3 minutes three times a day. How many minutes should you spend brushing your teeth in one week?

Learning Target: Multiply by 7.

Example Find 6×7 .



$$6 \times 7 = 6 \times (5 + 2)$$

$$6 \times 7 = (6 \times 5) + (6 \times 2)$$

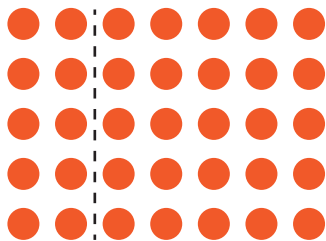
$$6 \times 7 = \underline{30} + \underline{12}$$

$$6 \times 7 = \underline{42}$$



Find the product.

1. 5×7



$$5 \times 7 = 5 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$5 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$5 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$5 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 7×2



$$7 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 2$$

$$7 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$7 \times 2 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$7 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$$

3. $0 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $7 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $10 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $8 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.

11. $7 \times \underline{\quad} = 7$

12. $\underline{\quad} \times 7 = 14$

13. $56 = \underline{\quad} \times 7$

14. You go to school 5 days each week. You spend 7 hours at school each day. How many hours do you spend at school in one week?

15. **MP Number Sense** Circle the multiples of 7.

63

24

35

21

32

56

16. **MP Structure** Find 7×6 in two different ways.

17. **Modeling Real Life** A pair of regular shoes costs \$9. A pair of light-up shoes costs 7 times as much as the pair of regular shoes. Newton has \$60. Can he buy the pair of light-up shoes?

18. **DIG DEEPER!** A veterinarian tells you to feed your dog 2 cups of food twice a day. How many cups of food should you feed your dog in one week?

Review & Refresh

19. What is the best estimate of the length of a thumbtack?



2 centimeters

1 meter

15 centimeters

20. What is the best estimate of the height of a trampoline?



4 centimeters

2 meters

30 meters

Learning Target: Multiply by 8.

Success Criteria:

- I can use a model to multiply by 8.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 8.
- I can find the product of a number and 8.



Explore and Grow

Use the tape diagram to find the product.

$$3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$$



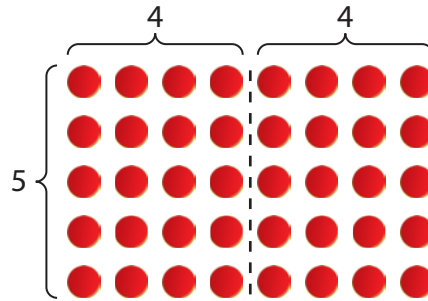
Repeated Reasoning Explain how you can use a different model to solve. Complete the table.

8s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
8											

Think and Grow: Multiply by 8

Example Find 5×8 .

Think: $8 = 4 + 4$



So, the product of 5×8 is double the product of 5×4 .

$$5 \times 8 = 5 \times (4 + 4)$$

Rewrite 8 as $4 + 4$.

$$5 \times 8 = (5 \times 4) + (5 \times 4)$$

Distributive Property

$$5 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

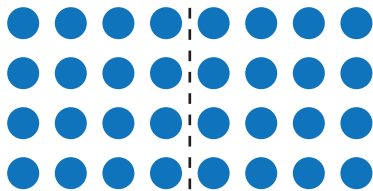
$$5 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$$



Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. 4×8



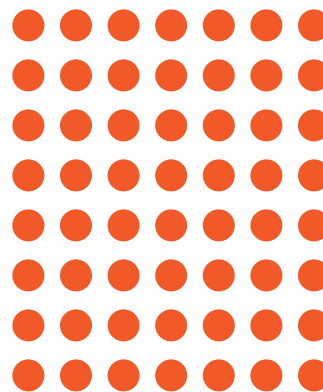
$$4 \times 8 = 4 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$4 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 8×7



$$8 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 7$$

$$8 \times 7 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

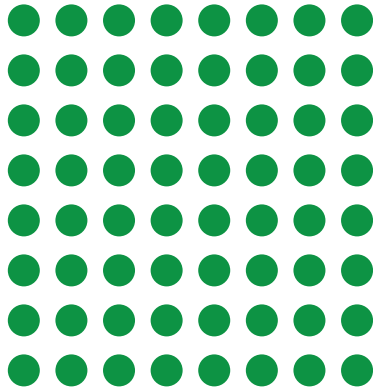
$$8 \times 7 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$8 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$

 **Apply and Grow: Practice**

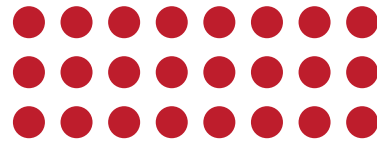
Find the product.

3. 8×8



$8 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 8$
 $8 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$
 $8 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$
 $8 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

4. 3×8



$3 \times 8 = 3 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$
 $3 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$
 $3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$
 $3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $8 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $7 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $8 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $10 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

13. $8 \times 8 \bigcirc 64$

14. $8 \times 0 \bigcirc 8 \times 1$

15. $8 \times 6 \bigcirc 5 \times 8$

16. **Which One Doesn't Belong?** Which expression does *not* belong with the other three?

$4 \times (4 + 3)$

$3 \times (3 + 5)$

$3 \times (1 + 7)$

$3 \times (4 + 4)$



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

A marching band has 7 rows with 8 musicians in each row. There is also a row of 6 people who carry flags. How many people are in the marching band in all?

Multiplication equation:

Addition equation:

There are _____ people in the marching band in all.



Show and Grow

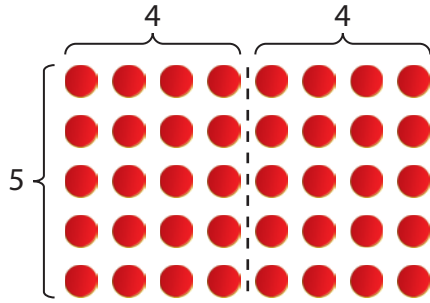
17. A table has 3 rows with 8 prizes in each row. There is also a row of 4 prizes on the floor. How many prizes are there in all?

18. **DIG DEEPER!** One section of a parking lot has 2 rows of 8 cars. Another section of the parking lot has 8 rows of 6 cars. How many cars are in the parking lot in all?

19. **DIG DEEPER!** One building has 8 rows of 5 windows. Another building has 9 rows of 8 windows. How many windows are on the two buildings in all?

Learning Target: Multiply by 8.

Example Find 5×8 .



$$5 \times 8 = 5 \times (4 + 4)$$

$$5 \times 8 = (5 \times 4) + (5 \times 4)$$

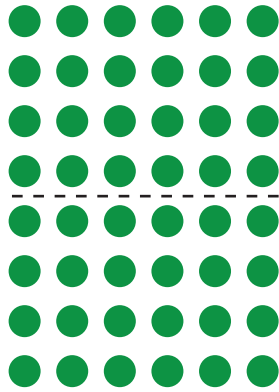
$$5 \times 8 = \underline{20} + \underline{20}$$

$$5 \times 8 = \underline{40}$$



Find the product.

1. 8×6



$$8 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 6$$

$$8 \times 6 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$8 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$8 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

2. 2×8



$$2 \times 8 = 2 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$$

$$2 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$2 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$2 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$$

3. $8 \times 0 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $8 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $1 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

11. 8×3 ○ 8×2

12. 8×7 ○ 64

13. 8×1 ○ 1×8

14. There are 8 batteries in a package. You buy 7 packages.
How many batteries do you have?

15. **MP Patterns** Tell whether each statement is *true* or *false*. If false, explain.

The ones digit in multiples of 8 follows the pattern 8, 6, 4, 2, 0. _____

The product of an odd factor and 8 is always odd. _____

16. **Modeling Real Life** A trophy case has 4 shelves with 8 trophies on each shelf and 1 shelf with 3 trophies. How many trophies are there in all?

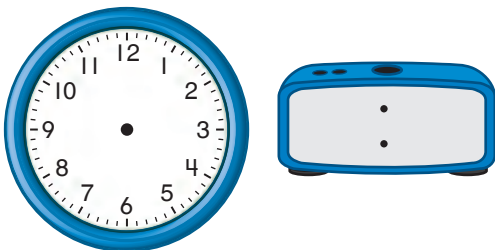


17. **DIG DEEPER!** In a science experiment, one group of students tests 2 rows of 8 magnets. A different group tests 1 row of 8 magnets. How many magnets do they test in all?

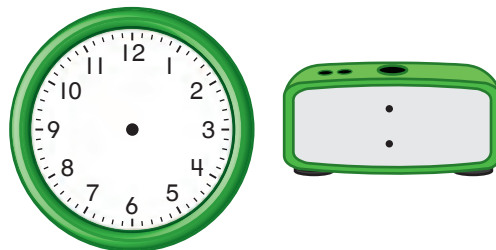
Review & Refresh

Show and write the time.

18. half past 3



19. quarter to 11



Learning Target: Multiply by 9.

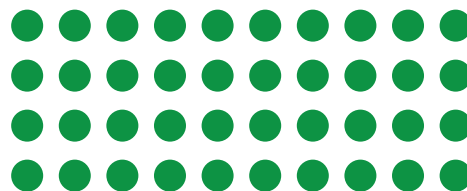
Success Criteria:

- I can use a model to multiply by 9.
- I can use known multiplication facts to multiply by 9.
- I can find the product of a number and 9.



Explore and Grow

Write an equation to match the array.



$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Cross out the last column. Write an equation to match the new array.

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$



Repeated Reasoning Explain how multiplying by 10 can help you multiply by 9. Complete the table.

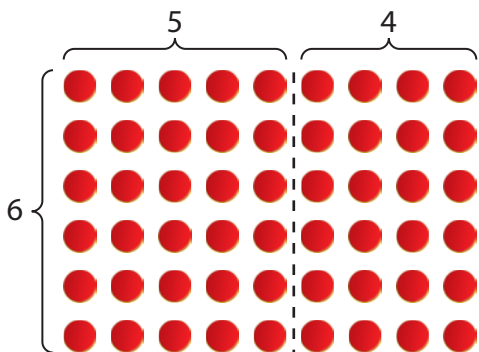
9s Facts											
×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
9											



Think and Grow: Multiply by 9

Example Find 6×9 .

One Way: Use the Distributive Property. Rewrite 9 as $5 + 4$.



$$6 \times 9 = 6 \times (5 + 4)$$

$$6 \times 9 = (6 \times 5) + (6 \times 4)$$

$$6 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

Distributive Property (with subtraction)

$$3 \times (5 - 2) = (3 \times 5) - (3 \times 2)$$

$$(5 - 2) \times 3 = (5 \times 3) - (2 \times 3)$$

Another Way: Use the Distributive Property. Rewrite 9 as $10 - 1$.

$$6 \times 9 = 6 \times (10 - 1)$$

$$6 \times 9 = (6 \times 10) - (6 \times 1)$$

$$6 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$$

$$6 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

1. Find 3×9 .

$$3 \times 9 = 3 \times (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) - (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$$

$$3 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$$

$$3 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$$

Name _____



Apply and Grow: Practice

Find the product.

2.

$4 \times 9 = 4 \times (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) - (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

3.

$9 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}) \times 8$

$9 \times 8 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) - (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$9 \times 8 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $9 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $9 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $2 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $0 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.


12. $9 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

13. $\underline{\quad} \times 9 = 45$

14. $9 \times \underline{\quad} = 36$

15. A softball team has 9 positions and 2 players for each position. How many players are on the team?



16.  **Number Sense** Which are *not* multiples of 9?

50

36

42

45

18

10



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

In *geocaching*, people search for a cache, or collection of objects, using a GPS device. You go geocaching for 9 days. You find 2 caches each day. Your goal is to find 20 caches. Do you reach your goal?

Multiplication equation:



You _____ reach your goal.

Show and Grow

17. You have 9 math problems for homework. You spend 4 minutes on each problem. Your goal is to finish your math homework in 40 minutes. Do you reach your goal?

18. **DIG DEEPER!** You exercise for 6 days. You exercise for 10 minutes each day. Your friend exercises for 8 days. Your friend exercises for 9 minutes each day. Who exercises the most minutes?



19. **DIG DEEPER!** Your school is collecting cans for a food drive. Seven students from your class each collect 9 cans. Eight students from your friend's class each collect 8 cans. Which class collects the most cans?

Learning Target: Multiply by 9.**Example** Find 5×9 .Use the Distributive Property.
Rewrite 9 as $10 - 1$.

$$5 \times 9 = 5 \times (10 - 1)$$

$$5 \times 9 = (5 \times 10) - (5 \times 1)$$

$$5 \times 9 = \underline{50} - \underline{5}$$

$$5 \times 9 = \underline{45}$$



Find the product.

1. $7 \times 9 = 7 \times (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})$

$7 \times 9 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) - (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$7 \times 9 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

2. $9 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}) \times 2$

$9 \times 2 = (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) - (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad})$

$9 \times 2 = \underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

3. $1 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $9 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $10 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $3 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.

11. $9 \times \underline{\quad} = 9$

12. $\underline{\quad} \times 5 = 45$

13. $90 = \underline{\quad} \times 10$

14. You see 9 chipmunks on your walk to school. You see twice as many pigeons. How many pigeons do you see?

15. **MP Patterns** Use the table.

×	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90

What pattern do you notice in the ones digits? the tens digits?

What do you notice about the sum of the digits for each multiple of 9?

16. **YOU BE THE TEACHER** Your friend says the product of 7×9 is 69. Is your friend correct? Explain.

17. **Modeling Real Life** You sell 8 orchids. You want to raise \$70. Do you meet your goal?

Flower Sale	
Lily	\$6
Orchid	\$9

DIG DEEPER! Newton sells 9 lilies. Descartes sells 5 orchids. Who raises more money, Newton or Descartes?



Review & Refresh

Complete the equation.

18. $4 \times 5 = 5 \times \underline{\quad}$

19. $8 \times \underline{\quad} = 7 \times 8$

Name _____

Practice Multiplication Strategies

3.7

Learning Target: Use a strategy to multiply two factors.

Success Criteria:

- I can choose a strategy to multiply two factors.
- I can multiply two factors and write the product.
- I can explain the strategy I used.



Explore and Grow

Show how to find the product.

$$6 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$



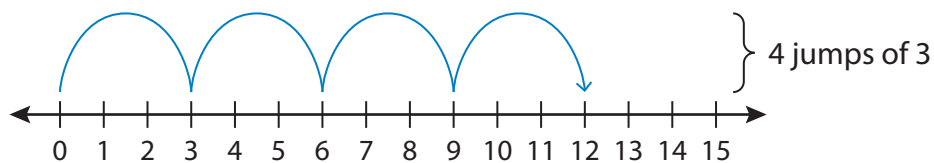
Reasoning What other strategies can you use to solve?



Think and Grow: Practice Multiplication Strategies

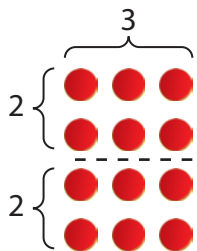
Example Use any strategy to find 4×3 .

One Way: Use a number line. Skip count by 3s four times.



$$4 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

Another Way: Use the Distributive Property.



$$4 \times 3 = (2 + 2) \times 3$$

$$4 \times 3 = (2 \times 3) + (2 \times 3)$$

$$4 \times 3 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

$$4 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Use any strategy to find the product.

1. $5 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

2. $3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

3. $7 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

4. $9 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

Name _____



Apply and Grow: Practice

Use any strategy to find the product.

5. $5 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

6. $5 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

7. $10 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

8. $7 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

9. $5 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

10. $4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

11.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

13.
$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Name the strategy or property used to solve.

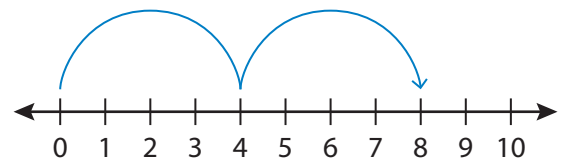
14. $9 \times 9 = 9 \times (10 - 1)$

$$9 \times 9 = (9 \times 10) - (9 \times 1)$$

$$9 \times 9 = 90 - 9$$

$$9 \times 9 = 81$$

15. $2 \times 4 = 8$



16. **DIG DEEPER!** Use known facts to find 6×12 . Explain your strategy.

$$6 \times 12 = \underline{\quad}$$

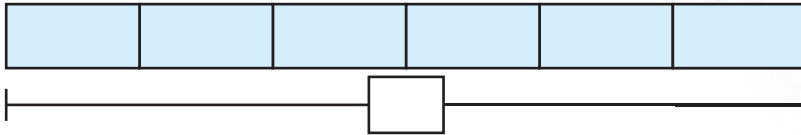


Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

You want to make a dragon that is 25 feet long for a parade. You have 6 pieces of fabric that are each 5 feet long. Do you have enough fabric to make the dragon?



Model:



You _____ have enough fabric to make the dragon.

Show and Grow

17. A book is 70 pages long. You read 9 pages each day for one week. Do you finish the book in one week?

18. **DIG DEEPER!** You buy 4 packs of juice boxes. How many juice boxes do you buy in all?

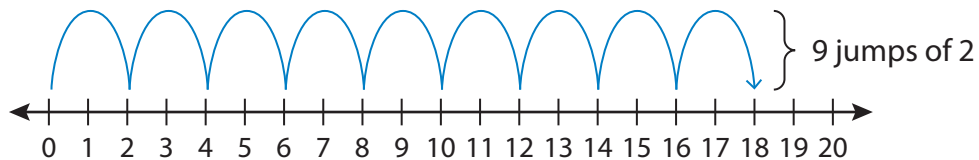


Explain how you solved the problem.

Learning Target: Use a strategy to multiply two factors.

Example Use any strategy to find 9×2 .

One Way: Use a number line.



$9 \times 2 = \underline{18}$

Use any strategy to find the product.

1. $0 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

2. $2 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

3. $1 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

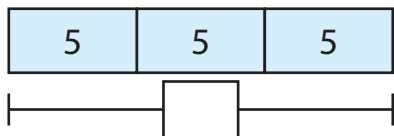
4.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Name the strategy or property used to solve.

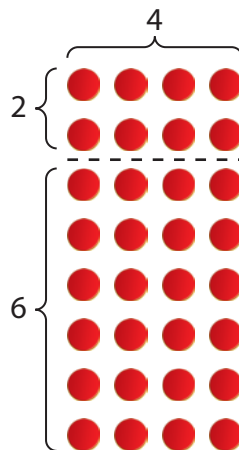
7. $3 \times 5 = ?$



$5 + 5 + 5 = 15$

$3 \times 5 = 15$

8.



$8 \times 4 = (2 + 6) \times 4$

$8 \times 4 = (2 \times 4) + (6 \times 4)$

$8 \times 4 = 8 + 24$

$8 \times 4 = 32$

9. **MP Logic** Without multiplying, how can you tell which product will be greater, 6×3 or 6×4 ? Explain.

10. **YOU BE THE TEACHER** Descartes uses the Distributive Property to solve 5×8 . Is he correct? Explain.

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \times 8 &= 5 \times (10 - 2) \\ 5 \times 8 &= (5 \times 10) + (5 \times 2) \\ 5 \times 8 &= 50 + 10 \\ 5 \times 8 &= 60 \end{aligned}$$



11. **Modeling Real Life** You order 24 eggs from a farmer. The farmer has 8 chickens. Each chicken lays 3 eggs. Does the farmer have enough eggs for your order? Explain.

12. **DIG DEEPER!** You have 3 piles of sports cards. There are 3 baseball cards, 2 basketball cards, and 4 football cards in each pile. How many sports cards do you have in all?

Review & Refresh

Find the sum.

13.

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 13 \\ + 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

14.

$$\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ 14 \\ + 24 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

15.

$$\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 10 \\ + 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

16.

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ 13 \\ + 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Learning Target: Use the Associative Property of Multiplication.

Success Criteria:

- I can explain the Associative Property of Multiplication.
- I can change the grouping of factors.
- I can multiply three factors to find a product.



Explore and Grow

Model 2 arrays that each have 4 rows and 3 columns. Draw your model. Complete the equation for the arrays.

$$2 \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Model 3 arrays that each have 2 rows and 4 columns. Draw your model. Complete the equation for the arrays.

$$3 \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$



Structure Compare the equations. How are they the same?
How are they different?



Think and Grow: Associative Property of Multiplication

Associative Property of Multiplication: Changing the grouping of factors does not change the product.

Example Find $(5 \times 2) \times 3$.

One Way: Find 5×2 first.

$$\begin{array}{c} (5 \times 2) \times 3 \\ \downarrow \\ \underline{\quad} \times 3 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

Another Way: Change the grouping. Find 2×3 first.

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 \times (2 \times 3) \\ \downarrow \\ 5 \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$(5 \times 2) \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

Example Find $4 \times (7 \times 2)$.

$$4 \times (7 \times 2) = 4 \times (2 \times 7)$$

Commutative Property of Multiplication

$$4 \times (2 \times 7) = (4 \times 2) \times 7$$

Associative Property of Multiplication

$$\begin{array}{c} (4 \times 2) \times 7 \\ \downarrow \\ \underline{\quad} \times 7 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$4 \times (7 \times 2) = \underline{\quad}$$

Show and Grow

Find the product.

1. $(3 \times 2) \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

2. $3 \times (4 \times 3) = \underline{\quad}$

**Apply and Grow: Practice**

Find the product.

3. $(3 \times 2) \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4. $5 \times (4 \times 2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5. $(3 \times 6) \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6. $3 \times (5 \times 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7. $(4 \times 10) \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8. $6 \times (0 \times 7) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Tell whether the equation is *true* or *false*. Explain.

9. $(5 \times 3) \times 4 \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \times (5 \times 4)$

10. $4 \times (2 \times 6) \stackrel{?}{=} 8 \times 4$

11. A water ride has 4 log boats. Each boat has 2 sections with 2 seats in each section. How many seats does the water ride have?



12. **DIG DEEPER!** Complete the square so that the product of the numbers in each row and each column equals 24.

2		2
		2
4		



Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

There are 26 students in your class. Your teacher brings in 4 boxes of muffins. Each box has 4 packages with 2 muffins in each package. Are there enough muffins for the class?

Multiplication equation:

There _____ enough muffins for the class.

Show and Grow

13. Newton needs to send out 50 letters. He buys 4 sheets of stamps. Each sheet has 2 rows with 6 stamps in each row. Does Newton have enough stamps to send out all the letters?

14. **DIG DEEPER!** There are 60 people in line to ride the tram at a zoo. There are 5 benches on each tram car. Two people fit on each bench. The tram is 5 cars long. How many people will have to wait for the next tram?



Learning Target: Use the Associative Property of Multiplication.

Example Find $(5 \times 2) \times 2$.

One Way: Find 5×2 first.

$$\begin{array}{r} (5 \times 2) \times 2 \\ \downarrow \\ \underline{10} \times 2 = \underline{20} \end{array}$$

$$(5 \times 2) \times 2 = \underline{20}$$

Another Way: Change the grouping. Find 2×2 first.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \times (2 \times 2) \\ \downarrow \\ 5 \times \underline{4} = \underline{20} \end{array}$$



Example Find $(3 \times 8) \times 2$.

$$(3 \times 8) \times 2 = (8 \times 3) \times 2$$

Commutative Property of Multiplication

$$= 8 \times (3 \times 2)$$

Associative Property of Multiplication

$$= 8 \times (3 \times 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ = 8 \times \underline{6} = \underline{48} \end{array}$$

$$(3 \times 8) \times 2 = \underline{48}$$

Find the product.

1. $(2 \times 4) \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2. $2 \times (3 \times 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. $(4 \times 2) \times 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4. $2 \times (8 \times 5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Tell whether the equation is *true* or *false*. Explain.

5. $7 \times (0 \times 3) \stackrel{?}{=} 7 \times 3$

6. $2 \times (6 \times 5) \stackrel{?}{=} (6 \times 2) \times 5$



7. A sudoku puzzle is made of 9 large squares. Each large square is made of an array with 3 rows and 3 columns of small squares. How many small squares are there?

8. **DIG DEEPER!** Use the number cards to complete the equations.

$$(2 \times 3) \times \underline{\quad} = 54$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times (2 \times 5) = 100$$

$$8 \times (\underline{\quad} \times 1) = 0$$

$$(2 \times \underline{\quad}) \times 10 = 20$$

0

1

9

10

9. **YOU BE THE TEACHER** Your friend says that $(2 \times 1) \times 7$ is *not* equal to $2 \times (1 \times 7)$. Is your friend correct? Explain.

10. **Writing** How do you know $2 \times 9 \times 5$ is the same as 10×9 ?

11. **Modeling Real Life** There are 64 soccer players. Some coaches bring 7 boxes of protein bars. Each box has 5 packages with 2 protein bars in each package. Are there enough protein bars for each soccer player to get one?



Review & Refresh

12. A training academy certifies 12 firefighting Dalmations. They divide the Dalmations among different cities with 3 Dalmations in each city. How many cities receive firefighting Dalmations?

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Learning Target: Use the problem-solving plan to solve word problems.

Success Criteria:

- I can understand a problem.
- I can make a plan to solve.
- I can solve a problem.



Explore and Grow

Model the story.

A baseball league gives 8 new baseballs to each team. There are 8 teams. How many baseballs does the league need?



The baseball league needs _____ baseballs.



Reasoning Explain how you can use a different strategy to solve.



Think and Grow: Using the Problem-Solving Plan

Example You want to make 8 dream catchers. You have 30 feathers. You tie 3 feathers to each dream catcher. How many feathers do you have left?

Understand the Problem

What do you know?

- You want to make _____ dream catchers.
- You have _____ feathers in all.
- You tie _____ feathers to each dream catcher.

What do you need to find?

- You need to find how many _____ are left after you make _____ dream catchers.

Make a Plan

How will you solve?

- Multiply _____ by _____ to find how many _____ you used to make 8 dream catchers.
- Subtract the product from _____.

Solve

$$8 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$30 - \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

You have _____ feathers left.

Show and Grow

1. You want to make 6 cheese sandwiches. You have 8 slices of cheese in all. You put 2 slices on each sandwich. How many more slices of cheese do you need?





Apply and Grow: Practice

2. You have 60 fluid ounces of water and 6 water bottles. You pour 8 fluid ounces of water into each bottle. What information do you know that will help you find how much water you have left?



3. A sheet of stamps has 2 rows with 5 stamps in each row. You buy 3 sheets of stamps. How many stamps do you buy?

4. Your cousin works two jobs. She walks dogs 4 days each week for 2 hours each day. She babysits 2 days each week for 5 hours each day. How many hours does your cousin work in one week?

5. Four arcade tokens cost \$1. You buy \$5 in tokens. You play 6 games that cost 3 tokens each. How many tokens do you have left?





Think and Grow: Modeling Real Life

A basketball team scores 6 three-pointers, 9 two-pointers, and 7 free throws in the first quarter. How many points does the team score in all?

Basketball Points	
Three-pointer	3 points
Two-pointer	2 points
Free throw	1 point

Understand the problem:

Make a plan:

Solve:

The team scores _____ points in all.

Show and Grow

6. Descartes buys 4 shirts, 3 pairs of shorts, and 2 pairs of pants. How much does he spend in all?

Store Sale	
Shirts	\$5
Shorts	\$7
Pants	\$10



7. **DIG DEEPER!** City workers set up 100 chairs for a concert in a park. Section A has 4 rows with 9 chairs in each row. Section B has 3 rows with 8 chairs in each row. Section C has 8 equal rows. How many chairs are in each of section C's rows?

Learning Target: Use the problem-solving plan to solve word problems.

Example A store sells pool toys for \$9 each. Newton buys 6 pool toys. He gives the cashier \$60. What is his change?



Understand the Problem

What do you know?

- Pool toys cost \$9 each.
- Newton buys 6 pool toys.
- Newton gives the cashier \$60.

What do you need to find?

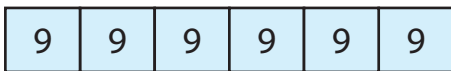
- You need to find how much change Newton receives.

Make a Plan

How will you solve?

- Multiply 9 by 6 to find how much the pool toys cost in all.
- Then subtract the product from 60.

Solve



$$9 \times 6 = \underline{54}$$

$$9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9 = \underline{54}$$

$$60 - \underline{54} = \underline{6}$$

Newton's change is \$6.

1. You and 3 of your friends each spend \$9 on a present. How much does the present cost?



2. A landlord is replacing windows in an apartment complex. There are 6 apartments. Each apartment has 8 windows. Seven windows do not need replacing. How many windows does the landlord need to replace?




3. Women's boxing consists of four 2-minute rounds. There is a 1-minute rest interval between each round. What information do you know that will help you find how long a boxing match lasts?

4. **Writing** Write and solve your own word problem that involves multiplication.

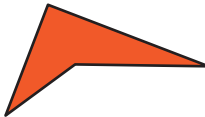
5. **Modeling Real Life** You play a trivia game with your friends. Team A answers 3 hard questions and 6 easy questions. Team B answers 5 hard questions and 2 easy questions. Which team is winning? by how many points?

Trivia Game		
Question Type	Hard	Easy
Number of Points	5	2

Review & Refresh

6.  _____ sides
_____ vertices

Shape: _____

7.  _____ sides
_____ vertices

Shape: _____

1. You and your friend make origami animals.
- a. You have two packages of paper. One package has 8 colors with 6 sheets of each color. Another package has 3 white sheets and 9 times as many colored sheets as white sheets. How many sheets of paper do you have in all?



-
- b. You and your friend each want to make 5 origami animals every day for one week. Do you have enough paper? Explain.



-
- c. You make a jumping frog. The first step is to fold the paper into fourths that are shaped like triangles. Draw lines to show how you would fold your paper.

-
- d. It takes 12 steps to make a crane. Your friend makes 8 paper cranes. How many steps does your friend do in all? Explain.



Product Lineup

Directions:

1. Players take turns flipping two number cards.
2. On your turn, multiply the two numbers and place a counter on the product.
3. If you flip two of the same number, take another turn.
4. The first player to create two lines of 5 in a row, horizontally, vertically, or diagonally, wins!



5	27	9	40	72	56	10
64	3	80	35	50	4	48
30	12	28	100	6	21	70
7	25	32	15	49	54	18
90	2	16	20	1	60	45
14	81	42	63	24	8	36

3.1 Multiply by 3

Draw a model to find the product.

1. 3×8

2. 3×4

Find the product.

3.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4.
$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5.
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3.2 Multiply by 4

Find the product.

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Find the missing factor.

11. $1 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

12. $\underline{\quad} \times 4 = 0$

13. $20 = \underline{\quad} \times 4$

14.  **Number Sense** How can you use 2×5 to find 4×5 ?

3.3 Multiply by 6

Find the product.

$$\begin{array}{r} 15. \quad 6 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16. \quad 6 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17. \quad 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18. \quad 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Compare.

$$19. \quad 7 \times 6 \bigcirc 6 \times 8$$

$$20. \quad 6 \times 9 \bigcirc 4 \times 6$$

$$21. \quad 36 \bigcirc 6 \times 6$$

3.4 Multiply by 7

Find the product.

$$\begin{array}{r} 22. \quad 0 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23. \quad 7 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24. \quad 10 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25. \quad 7 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26. \quad 7 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27. \quad 7 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28. \quad 4 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29. \quad 8 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3.5 Multiply by 8

Find the product.

$$\begin{array}{r} 30. \quad 8 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31. \quad 9 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32. \quad 4 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33. \quad 8 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

34. **MP Precision** There are 8 fluid ounces in 1 cup. How many fluid ounces are in 3 cups?



3.6 Multiply by 9

Find the product.

$$\begin{array}{r} 35. \quad 10 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36. \quad 9 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 37. \quad 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 38. \quad 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

39. **MP Reasoning** An artist needs 80 flower petals for a craft. She picks 9 flowers that each have 8 petals. Does she have enough flower petals for her craft? Explain.



3.7 Practice Multiplication Strategies

Use any strategy to find the product.

$$40. \quad 2 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$41. \quad 6 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$42. \quad 5 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$43. \quad 8 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$44. \quad 4 \times 0 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$45. \quad 10 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$$

46. **Modeling Real Life** Newton has 4 bundles of balloons. There is 1 blue balloon, 2 purple balloons, and 1 green balloon in each bundle. How many balloons does he have in all?



3.8

Multiply Three Factors

Find the product.

47. $(4 \times 2) \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

48. $3 \times (3 \times 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

49. $(3 \times 3) \times 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

50. $2 \times (8 \times 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

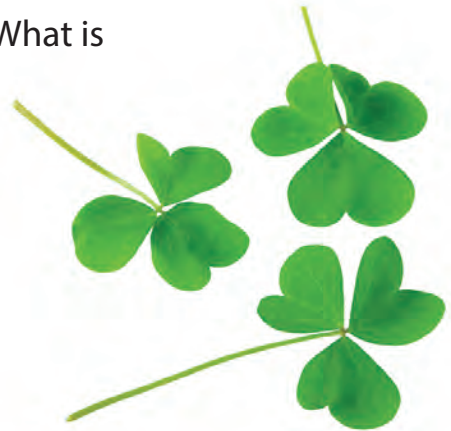
51. $(2 \times 0) \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

52. $0 \times (8 \times 5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3.9

More Problem Solving: Multiplication

53. You find 2 four-leaf clovers and 9 three-leaf clovers. What is the total number of leaves on the clovers you find?



54. A bakery sells croissants for \$2 each. A tray contains 2 rows of 4 croissants. You buy 2 trays. How many croissants do you buy?